

IRMA DISTRICT

Irma District is one of the best mixed farming districts in the West. Good soil, Good water, good grass, natural gas and Good Oil Indications. Good railroad facilities and good people. Boost for your district. Plenty of good farms awaiting development.

110 miles east of Edmonton
200 miles west of Saskatoon

IRMA TIMES

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Circulating Throughout Jarrow, Kinross, Orbendale, Zoldavara, Fabyan, Clark Manor, and Irma District.

Vol. 5; No. 5.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, April 22nd, 1921

IS YOUR SUBSCRIPTION PAID?
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NAME _____
ADDRESS _____

Irma, Czar, and Monitor in the Oil Limelight

EASTERN ALBERTA OIL FIELDS SHOW GREAT ACTIVITY THESE DAYS.

With the steady chug, chug, chug, night and day, the drills of several big oil companies are pounding away in their efforts to locate the sands containing the liquid gold. Many whose attention had temporarily been drawn to the Far North are now looking for locations on the famous Battle River Ridge. This Ridge was discovered over 35 years ago by Dr. Dawson, a noted explorer and geologist. It was investigated in 1886 by J. B. Tyrell and D. B. Dowling of the Geological Survey Department. No doubt the reports of these men have been carefully studied by many of the geologists who have been investigating the district during the last six or seven years. The many seepages of oil and gas along the Gratton and Buffalo Coulees have also been noticed and investigated from time to time. The outcropping of sandstone containing fossils at Birch Lake and along the Battle River are points that many of the geologists have been studying.

During 1914-15 we expected big development in the district, but owing to several unfortunate circumstances the first well started in the Irma district was abandoned long before it had been put down to the desired depths. This well was started on section 44-5-8-w4th, by the Gratton Oil Co. The log of this well has since been published by the Department of Mines in several of their reports. Mr. Chas. E. Taylor, probably one of the best qualified oil men in Alberta, was a close observer of operations at this well while it was being drilled. The log of this well as shown in the report of the Geological Survey Department of Mines, Ottawa, for the year 1916, No. 1684, on page 121, is as follows:

Log of well near Irma, supplied by Mr. Chas. Taylor, of Edmonton:

	Feet	Feet
Drift	0	25
Soft gray sandy clay	25	107
Blue sandstone and fossils	107	109
Gray shale bands of blue sandstone, shells	109	134
Dark shales, coal seams	134	140
Dark shales	175	177
Blue sandstone shells	177	192
Brown clay	192	200
Light gray sandstone, carbonaceous	200	210
Light gray sandstone with clay	210	215
Dark gray shale	215	230
Gray shale	230	300
Gray sand	300	342
Gray shale, a two foot hard shell	342	377
Gray shale	377	520
Hard shell	520	522
Gray shale	522	552
Hard shell	552	554
Gray shale with hard shells at 645, 750, 850, and 960 feet	645	750
Oil at	1215	1345
Lime shell	1345	1353
Gray shell	1353	1405
Hard shell	1405	1410
Gray shale oil at 1582	1410	1582
Gray shale	1582	1620
Gray bottom at	1620	192
Gas at	192	270
Water at	270	300
Water and oil at	300	1205 and 1582
Oil at	1205 and 1582	Gas 5000,000 cubic feet per day, 500 lbs. pressure at 1620
Belly River formation at	342	Belly River formation at
Benton Formation	342 ft to bottom	342 ft to bottom

Owing to drilling troubles the hole was abandoned at this depth.

The excellent showing in this well was not known locally at the time the well was abandoned. No doubt this log been published sooner many who have since lost their leases would have made greater efforts to have commenced development work. Since this well was abandoned, another one has been drilled on the same section some 500 feet deeper. Parties who were in a good position to know have stated that the indications for oil were much stronger in this one than in the first well. This well had a flow of six or seven million feet of gas after running wild for nearly a month. Unfortunately this well was apparently abandoned over a year ago. Most of the tools were shipped away and the field seemingly abandoned for good. Nearly all interest in leases in this district appeared to vanish. Until early in this year the Edmonton Land Office reported having received over ten thousand dollars for leases in the Irma field during one month. Since then it has been discovered that all of the leases being cancelled were being re-filled as soon as available for entry. Practically no leases are being offered for sale along the anticline, so the presumption is that the territory has been filled in by the companies for whom the many geologists who have been investigating the field during the last seven years. Already the Tolpoy-Arnold Co. (California Oils) are pounding away at Birch Lake, northwest of Irma and northeast of Viking. The Imperial

CITIZENS OF U.S. MIGHT INVEST IN OIL LANDS

Doubt... is... Expressed... About... Their
Taking Claims in McKenzie
Valley

How the Dominion Government proposes to apply that provision of the Royal Proclamation for the Northwest Territories which purports to exclude the citizens of some other countries from the right to take oil lands or hold stock in Canadian Companies has been the subject of much discussion and anxiety amongst those interested in the oil bearing possibilities of the Mackenzie river ever since the regulations were issued. So far as has been learned the Dominion land agency has been silent on the subject. Some time ago Mr. H. L. McLean sent a wire of enquiry to Premier Meighen in the following terms:

"Is American capital prevented from investing in oil lands in Canada? Oil companies who are endeavoring to open the Fort Norman field."

On Saturday Dr. McLean received a reply to his wire a copy of a memorandum from H. B. Rowatt, commissioner of oil lands in Yukon, who administers the oil areas. Dr. Rowatt, Deputy Minister of the Interior, dated March 3rd, setting out his (Mr. Rowatt's) views on the matter:

Mr. Rowatt's conclusion is that: "An American citizen is not eligible to make application for a permit to prospect for oil and gas under such regulations."

2. A company incorporated under part one of the Companies Act, chapter 79, R. S. C., 1906, as provided in the regulations, might have stockholders in such company who are citizens of the United States, provided disclosure is made of such citizenship. It might be considered sufficient, however, if disclosure is made of the citizenship of the directors only of such company."

The sum of Mr. Rowatt's conclusions is that United States citizens cannot stake or locate claims; but they may invest their money in companies which will stake the claims.

Mr. Rowatt suggests: "If it is decided to confirm this view, I think the mining recorder at Edmonton might be advised by wire."

The following is the text of the section of the regulations with the application to citizens of another country, the persons or corporations of which may, deny similar rights and privileges to citizens or corporations of the British Empire, stock holding or stock not own any interest in any properties or rights issued under the provisions of these regulations."

Oil Co. are supposed to have closed a deal for the Gratton or Battle Creek Oil Co.'s holdings southeast of Irma. The Imperial Oil Co. have been drilling near Czar for over a year and are supposed to be down some three thousand feet with good indications. Three outfits are pounding away at Monitor and several more are arranging to start. We have just received a report from Ottawa that two eastern companies had proposed drilling northeast of Irma and that the Dutch Shell had secured big holdings on the eastern Alberta anticline and was preparing to start operations. With all this operation going on east of Edmonton and Calgary, and only a stone's throw away as compared to the distance to the McKenzie Valley district, we believe Eastern Alberta will soon become the leading oil field of North America.

With all this development in sight there is still room for all that want to come. The Battle River Ridge extending as it does over thousands of square miles will afford good locations for years to come. Unfortunately our laws probably have been lax in allowing big companies to secure control of vast territories, yet we believe Ottawa is beginning to see the weak spots and that in the very near future more important regulations will soon be adopted.

NOTICE

On account of the many requests we have had for extra copies of the Times dated February 25th containing article "Oil Was Discovered in Irma Field Over 35 Years Ago, According to Geological Reports," and issue of March 4th containing article, "Fort Norman vs. Irma Oil Fields" we have decided to re-print these two articles in next week's Times. These will be mailed to any address for 5 cents per copy. If you have some friends interested in Canada's best oil opportunities send us their names along with the price and we will mail them as many papers as you order. Address orders to Irma Times, Irma, Alberta. Do this today so we will know how many copies to print.

FARM FOR SALE

In the Estate of H. M. Wood, (deceased) as available assets are insufficient to meet liabilities, we now offer his farm, S. W. 10-47-8, for sale. 12 miles northeast of Irma. Over 100 acres broke, no stone; two-roomed dwelling. We put in the crop. \$3500.00. See J. McCready or T. Slipper. This is little or no more than raw land is selling for. A chance of a lifetime. No commission to agents at this price.

- Quality Merchandise -

HOSIERY

A nice new and complete stock of Hosiery for Men, Women and Children in Cotton, Lisle and Silk. You will be pleased with the improved quality this year, and the price is considerably lower than last season. We would be glad to show you what we have. When you are in need of Hosiery.

Staple Goods

A lot more new cotton goods in this week. Come see them, and we can SHOW you the difference between these goods and the common run of Cottons. It is to your advantage as well as ours.

FLOUR

High Patent Flour that will make that light white bread and that Flaky Pastry. Every Sack of

Robin Hood Flour is guaranteed.

Boots and Shoes

We have been meeting with wonderful success in our Shoe Sales again this spring. Those who have had our SOLID and ALL LEATHER SHOES recommend them to their friends, you you are not experimenting when you buy your shoes here. Every pair are solid and a 11 leather, and warranted to give service by ourselves, and the makers.

J. C. McFARLAND & CO.

BUY FROM US

FOR LESS.

BOOTS and SHOES

We have the largest stock in town of MEN'S and WOMEN'S, BOYS' and GIRLS' SHOES. The prices are LOWER than most stores and of BETTER quality. We want to sell them. You need them. Let us get together and deal.

DRY-GOODS

CHILDREN'S HOSE at good values. Ginghams and Prints real good. Men's Gloves extra special prices.

GROCERIES.

NO ONE CAN UNDERSELL US, why take chances on paying more for good stuff. We handle a Flour that CANNOT BE BETTERED, it's well known and has always given satisfaction. We change the price with the market, so you're sure of the best prices.

One Price To All.

Irma Co-operative Co., Ltd.

Canada's Railway Problem

Canada has a goodly number of problems awaiting solution on her hands at present, but it is doubtful if any one presents greater difficulties, or is fraught with such danger to the country if not solved, than the National Railways. The annual deficit is so staggering—amounting to almost as much as the total revenue of the Dominion only a comparatively few years before the war—and is increasing rather than diminishing, notwithstanding the heavy advances in passenger and freight rates, that the people have real cause for concern.

Nothing is to be gained now by trying to saddle the responsibility for policies which have resulted in the present deplorable situation, as many party politicians are persisting in endeavoring to do. Each of the two political parties which have guided the national policies of Canada in the past have a share of that responsibility to carry. Both inaugurated policies and encouraged the building of thousands of miles of at present unprofitable lines, no doubt with the best intentions and in an honest and sincere desire to develop the vast resources of the Dominion. Perhaps, not least of all, the people are themselves to blame because they demanded the construction of these lines, and approved and supported the Governments which provided for them.

It is no use crying over spilt milk. The situation exists, the problem has been created, intensified and made the more difficult because of the war. It must now be faced and a solution found.

That solution is not to be found in political bickerings, but in a united and patriotic determination to get at the rock bottom facts. When a man is desperately sick, the first important thing is a thorough diagnosis of the case, and, if it is discovered that a severe operation is necessary, to apply the knife with courage and determination. The same thing holds true of the National Railways. If there is mismanagement, waste and extravagance, it must be cut out; if there is a lack of good judgment shown in financial management, or in the operation of the road, there must be improvement brought about without loss of time; if the service given the public is not such as to merit confidence and attract business which ought to be had, then the service must be improved and made to command public support.

But it is becoming more and more apparent that these things alone will not have the effect of completely wiping out the annually recurring deficits. First and foremost, all such needed reforms must be effected, but there must be something even more constructive in order to build up the National Railways. To state it concisely, the Federal Government, assisted by all the Provincial Governments, must bring into effect policies that will have the effect of building up Canada and thus build up the National Railways. In other words, the most far-seeing policies must be evolved to encourage and speed up the development for use of the natural resources of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Only through the development of our resources can business be created in enormous volume to provide that increase in traffic which will put the railways upon a firm financial foundation. Increases in rates, up to a certain point, may produce more revenue, but raised beyond that point and the effect is loss of revenue because of an even greater loss of traffic. It is open to question whether railway rates have not already been increased beyond the point where they are operating to increase revenue, but are rather adding to the debit side of the railway ledger.

The statement will hardly be challenged that, at the present time, the Federal Parliament is doing little or nothing towards developing the rich natural resources of the Dominion. Rather it is "marking time" on the question. Ontario, with its development of the hydro system and Quebec, with its progressive Provincial policies for better highways and scientific agricultural development, are doing more for the enrichment of Canada today by the utilization of natural resources than anything the Federal Parliament is attempting. The development of the natural resources of these Western Provinces is largely at a standstill while Federal and Provincial authorities debate the question of ownership and control of those resources. The Provinces cannot proceed to develop them because they have no control over them; the Federal Government is not doing so, pending a decision as to the terms and conditions of transfer of such resources to the Provinces.

In the meantime, untold wealth lies dormant, and thousands of miles of railway are hungering for traffic they cannot get because it does not exist because of non-development of the resources of the country through which the railways operate. Yet they must operate even though it be at a loss because people have located, few in number though they may be, along these railways and they must be served with mails and the means of transportation for themselves and such few products as they have to ship out and such supplies as they require to bring in.

Fair Wage for Farm Labor

Farmers of Alberta Send Out Questionnaire to Its Representative Members.

The United Farmers of Alberta sent out a questionnaire to a number of its representative members in different localities respecting their views on a fair wage to farm help this year. About 55 per cent. favors \$40 per month and board as standard recompence, 10 per cent. favored \$50 and board, and 35 per cent. ranged between \$30 and \$75 with board, the majority favoring the lower figure.

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some cases, especially when sulfuric acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electro-Electric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

The Chinese, of all peoples, attach most importance to etiquette, their Book of Rites dating back to the first century before the Christian era.

Big Berry Crop in B.C.

Production Expected to be More Than Fifty Per Cent. Over Last Year.

Five hundred freight cars will be required to move the 1921 berry crop of British Columbia, according to the estimates of the British Columbia Berry Growers' Association. This means a production of approximately 2,500 tons of small fruits. Production is expected to be more than fifty per cent. over last year, when the crop brought in \$1,000,000, there being about 2,800 acres under cultivation. The newly formed association will endeavor to enlarge the market for British Columbia berries.

B.C. Pulp for Orient.

British Columbia pulp is being shipped to the Orient, and, recently, a shipment was made to Australia. All consumers are tied up with long-term contracts.

The extension to Australia is interesting, because, hitherto, the mills have shipped only paper. No effort is being made to touch European markets.

Constipation and Sluggish Liver

Don't take chances. Get Carter's Little Liver Pills right now. They never fail to do their duty. They relieve constipation, banish indigestion, biliousness, stop dizziness, clear the complexion, give a healthy glow on the cheek and sparkle in the eye. Be sure and get the genuine.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Dining Room Niceties

BY LORETTO C. LYNCH
An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

"Let's drop in here to-night for a bite—this place looks so inviting." Thus spoke a young woman to her escort.

Now about the home restaurant—the family dining room. Do you try to have all the niceties of the dining room in your home?

In one home, where no attention was paid to looks, the daughter and I bought some linen table cloths—small ones, that just fitted the table. We bought some napkins to match. And we picked out half a dozen pieces of plain white chin.

Then we bought half a dozen knives, forks and spoons in a standard pattern so that it might be ordered in other pieces as need or desire arose.

We bought some stemmed water glasses, a delight to look upon. And in the same shop we came upon a plain cool green lusterless fern dish. We had it filled for fifty cents at the florist's with a collection of dainty little ferns. We selected in another shop two sets of dainty little salt and pepper sprinklers in glass with silver tops.

Later I had occasion to drop into that same home at dinner time. The table was daintily set out. Set for just two. The pretty little fern was surrounded by four pink candles in glass holders. Daughter did the table setting and the cooking of the simple meal, for that was part of the agreement. And appetite had improved many per cent. And both were so much happier.

There are other folks whose service in the dining room is, perhaps, not quite so much below par as had been. But it might be well to look into the matter. The shops are showing so many, many attractive things for the dining room.

One shop is showing an electric percolator that's miles ahead of the old-time coffee pot which some cling to just because they have never thought about getting a more attractive, more up-to-date one. Look over the old things and if you are interested in your home, plan to put into it from time to time some of these dining room niceties.

Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are now sold in some cases, they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

Many Farm Laborers Required.

Between 4,000 and 5,000 farm laborers will be required on Saskatchewan farms this spring, according to the Superintendent of the Employment Bureau of Labor and Industries. Already, over 1,500 orders for farm help have been received by the various offices of the Saskatchewan Government Employment Service. These orders have been placed in advance for help that will be required in April, when it is expected seedling will be in sight.

Survey of Areas in Prairie Province

The surveyed areas in Manitoba amount to 35,479,517 acres; in Saskatchewan, 78,954,281 acres; in Alberta, 85,323,466 acres, making a total of 199,757,264 acres surveyed in the three prairie provinces.

A New Bee in England.

A strange new bee, pitch black and of large proportions, has been found in Hertfordshire. Both the insect and the nest are curious and have never been found in England before.

One British military cemetery in France, just outside Boulogne, contains nearly 12,000 graves.

The Key Industry.

Of Highest Importance That The Agriculturist's Occupation Should Be Made Profitable.

The agriculturist is the one man in the cosmic scheme of things whom society cannot afford to see "lose out" on his job. He is pre-eminently the "key industry" that must be kept going through the rest of the world is temporarily obliged to shut up shop.

It is, therefore, of the highest importance that the agriculturist's occupation should be made as consistently profitable as it is possible for governmental policy and human prevention to make it. To stabilize his calling in this respect is to take a long step toward the stabilization of world industry—the supreme need of day of our sadly shattered civilization. —Detroit Free Press.

YOUNG LADIES, READ THIS

If you are bothered with pimples, rashes and ugly blotches on your face, if your complexion is sallow, it's an evidence that you require Dr. Hamilton's Pill to cure the Blood. One of these splendid regulating pills makes a complexion like peach bloom—cheeks soon become rosy, eyes brighten, you again look the picture of health, look and feel well because you use Dr. Hamilton's Pill of Mandrake and Buttercup, 25¢ at all dealers or the Caterhozene Co., Montreal.

It is an odd coincidence that King George and his four sons, the Prince of Wales, Prince Albert, Prince Henry and Prince George, were all born on a Saturday.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Milk Factory for Chilliwack.

A factory for the manufacture of powdered milk will be erected in Chilliwack, B.C., shortly. It will have a capacity of 80,000 pounds daily, sufficient to handle the entire output of the district. It is expected to be in operation by May 15th.

NEW STRENGTH FOR VICTIMS OF ANAEMIA

Loss of Strength Follows When the Blood Becomes Thin.

Anaemia is the medical term for thin, watery blood. The sufferer loses strength and becomes pale of the complexion of paleness of the heart after the slightest exertion, such as walking up stairs. The lightest task becomes a burden. There is a loss of ambition, the victim loses weight and as the disease progresses the heart is affected, color fades from cheeks and lips and fainting spells may occur.

Anaemia is not a disease that corrects itself, and if unchecked it progresses steadily. But it can be combated by good food, fresh air, exercise, and a tonic for the blood. As the blood becomes rich and red under this treatment, the symptoms disappear as in the case of Miss Evelyn Joyce, Westville, N.S., whose mother says: "Almost from infancy my daughter was very delicate and weak under the doctor's care. As her father had died of consumption, my friends feared she would fall a victim to that dread disease. As the years went by and she was merging into womanhood, I began to fear I would lose her. Then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I could soon see a change for the better. For the next three years, at intervals, she took the pills, always with excellent results. Now at the age of sixteen she is a fine, healthy girl, and I never tire of telling those who see the wonderful change in her condition that she owes it to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Miss Joyce herself says: "It gives me pleasure to confirm the statements made by my mother. Since using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I have gained in weight, and from a sickly girl, suffering from headaches, dizziness and a languid feeling, I am now as well as other girls of my age, and I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Nova Scotia Apples.

During the month of February 1916, 993 barrels of apples were shipped from Halifax, Nova Scotia, principally to the British Isles. This brings the total shipment of the season to 839,606 barrels which is almost double that for the same period last season when 432,825 barrels were shipped. The season's shipment may possibly reach the million mark.

In former times the aldermen and councillors of the city of London included many snuff-takers, and in the library of the Guildhall, free snuff is still supplied to members. It is placed in an ornate snuffbox with a magnificent jewelled lid and handle.

Minard's Liniment For Dandruff.

World Happenings Briefly Told

The denationalization of Russian industries in order to permit of the exploitation of various works by foreign concessionaires, will begin with the British-owned properties.

"Canadian coal for Canadian consumers," was the slogan put forward by the standing committee of the Commons on the future coal supply of the Dominion.

Sarah Bernhardt appeared recently in London with her company at the Prince's Theatre in the title role of Louis Verneuil's play "Daniel." Madame Bernhardt received an ovation.

Eight persons were killed and many were injured in La Paz, Bolivia, when Lieut. Baudron, a French army aviator, lost control of his airplane during an exhibition flight and plunged into a crowd.

The Montreal Board of Trade unanimously disapproves of any attempt to stop diversion of wheat from Winnipeg to Quebec to Winnipeg-New York by means of a special rate on the Canadian Railways.

The reply of the United States to Germany on the reparation question has given the greatest satisfaction to French official circles. It is regarded as finally closing the doors to all escape for Germany from avoiding responsibility under the peace treaty.

Greek Archaeologists have unearthed an imposing temple at Reccors, Thessaly. The structure is in an excellent state of preservation and is stated to be as large as the temple of Jupiter at Olympia. The bronze inscriptions establish the date of 400 years B.C.

Hill Disease Relieved In 30 Minutes.
Dr. Agnew's Remedy for the Heart gives permanent relief from Cardiac Disease and specifically affects a cure. It is a precious ointment which should be applied to Smothering Spills. Pain in Left Side, and all symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose cures.

An Aerial Newspaper

Edited, Printed and Published From Airplane in Flight.

The latest thing in the field of journalism is the Aerial Mail, a daily newspaper, which is edited, printed and published from an airplane in flight. The Daily Mail, which is sponsoring it, says it will contain the latest British and Continental news, political, financial and general, received both at the moment the airplane "takes off" and while it is flying, the news being sent by wireless. A special printing plant has been installed and newspapers will be distributed by means of parachutes dropping the editions into the towns the airplane flies over. There probably will be editions for Boulogne, Rouen and Amiens, as well as for Paris and London.

Airplanes will leave Paris and London daily, the one leaving Paris to print the Aerial Mail in English and the one from London to print in French. The newspaper will contain market quotations, racing results and more or less general news from all principal capitals. It will have four pages and will contain advertising as well as "feature" articles.

Men back of the project say that the public is so dependent on newspapers that there is a field for such a service as they propose, but that if the present newspaper service is to be improved it can be achieved only by the use of the airplanes.

Erecting Houses For Employees. Several Edmonton firms have undertaken the erection of houses for employees, the number of dwellings so contemplated being about seventy-five. They will average in price from \$3,000 to \$5,000.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting in using when Dr. Pierce's Ointment. It cures Skin Irritation. It relieves Skin Rash. It heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Pierce's Ointment free to you. Send 25c stamp postage, 60c a box; all dealers or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

FREEZONE Corns Lift Off with Fingers.

Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. It doesn't hurt a bit. Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without a particle of pain.

W.N.U. 1363



Warming relief for rheumatic aches.

HE'S just had Sloan's Liniment and the comfort brought a smile of pleasure to his face. Good for aches resulting from cold exposure, sprains, strains, back, overworked muscles. Pain-free, rubs without rubbing. All druggists have it. (Made in Canada)

Sloan's Liniment

(Paint's remedy)

To Europe via Panama

Passenger Steamer Excursion from Vancouver to Liverpool.

Arrangements are being made to run a passenger steamer excursion from Vancouver to Liverpool and other European ports this summer, the journey being made via the Panama Canal. According to the steamship agents who are arranging the details of this trip, it will cost \$300 for one-way passage, or \$550 return, the home journey being to some Atlantic port and thence by rail to British Columbia. This will be the first time that a passenger steamer has sailed for Europe from Vancouver. It is expected that approximately 300 persons will undertake the journey.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere

American Farmers For West. Fifty-American farmers arrived in Winnipeg recently from Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Illinois and Wisconsin en route to western points, the majority of whom emigrated to Canada as a result of having friends in the west. They claim a large number of farmers in the United States are contemplating coming to Canada as soon as present holdings can be disposed of.

The man whose only thought is for himself has little use for brains.

THAT SUDDEN Sharp Pain

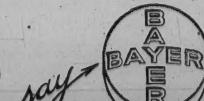
which you experience at times can be removed. No woman has the right to suffer when she can obtain relief safely, certainly and promptly. Suppose you do have head-aches, back-aches, extreme nervousness, low-spirits and general good-for-nothing feelings at times? Your case is not hopeless. Dr. Pierces' Favorite Prescription. Sold by druggists in Canada. Tablets or send 10c to Dr. Pierces' Invalid Hotel in Buffalo, N.Y., for a trial package.

Read what this woman says:

Long, Govt. I was very frail and I had a feeling exceedingly weak and miserable when a friend advised me to take a bottle of Dr. Pierces' Favorite Prescription. From the very first I was greatly relieved with vitality. I am always grateful for what Dr. Pierces' Favorite Prescription does for me. I will always be pleased to recommend it. —Miss Joan Dandy, 139 Ann Street.

ASPRIN

Only "Bayer" is Genuine



Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer" Tablets or Aspirin. Unless you see the word "Bayer" on packages of tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and for Pain. Handy tin containers are available in sizes of 100, 200, 300, 500, 1000 and 1500 tablets. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture Monosaccharide-acetate of Salicylic acid.

Success Attends Plan For Placing Soldier Settlers on the Land

Practically every country implicated in the maelstrom of the Great War, and experiencing the same problems in the aftermath, has paid warm tribute to the generous manner in which Canada treated her returned warriors and the effective measures she devised for their successful re-establishment in civil life. In common with other belligerent nations, Canada was faced with the problem of rehabilitating a huge army alienated, after years of hardship and contention with primitive conditions, from their pre-war existences, and facing an uncertain future with vastly differing ideals and an entirely changed outlook upon life.

It was a wise procedure, both for the nation and the individual soldier, to encourage the army to go on the land, and to assist soldier settlers in such a manner as to become producers almost immediately instead of undergoing the hardships and years of slim revenue, which often are the lot of the pioneer. That the years of war had turned the minds of many towards the land is indicated by the response to questionnaires distributed to soldiers shortly after the armistice, when 487,771 men advised their desire to take up farming as their life work, whereas there were only 172,218 of these who, previous to their enlistment, had been so employed. Only 4,715 men in the Canadian army, who had previously been farmers, wished to leave their calling to follow others. The subsidized, assisted-project of the Soldier Settlement Board has proved immensely popular, as witness the fact that in the two years which have elapsed since the armistice up till December 1st, when the last figures were published, approximately 59,000 returned soldiers have made application for the purpose of qualifying, 42,000 have been declared qualified whilst approximately 20,000 have received advances amounting to more than \$80,000,000.

Alberta has received by far the largest number of these settlers, followed by Saskatchewan, Manitoba and British Columbia. Of the total, eighty-five per cent. of soldier settlers have located on land west of the Great Lakes; the figures by provinces being: Alberta, 5,710; Saskatchewan, 4,875; Manitoba, 3,289; British Columbia, 2,941; Ontario, 1,403; New Brunswick, 434; Nova Scotia, 459; Prince Edward Island, 395; Prince Edward Island, 302.

The loans approved by provinces are: Alberta, \$22,289,021; Saskatchewan, \$19,842,091; Manitoba, \$13,267,826; British Columbia, \$12,587,021; Ontario, \$6,064,042; Quebec, \$1,899,434; New Brunswick, \$1,449,704; Nova Scotia, \$1,287,928; Prince Edward Island, \$814,947.

That Canadian soldiers have cooperated in every way to make their re-establishments by way of the land successful, and entered whole-heartedly into the pursuit of agriculture once they had undertaken it, is manifested in their overwhelming success as reported by inspectors of the Soldier Settlement Board. These experienced agriculturists, who periodically visit the farms operated by soldiers who have obtained loans from the board, have stated that ninety-five per cent. are making good and proving successful farmers, and that, furthermore, of the remaining five per cent., the majority are failing not from indolence, poor farming, or lack of personal qualities, but owing to physical hindrance in the recurrence of their war disabilities. The board reports that since the harvesting of the 1920 crop, repayments on loans are being made very much ahead of the dates specified. Though the payments extend over a period of twenty-five years, and the board has been in operation a little more than two years, nearly 300 men have, as a result of their successful farming operations, been able to pay off their total indebtedness.

From the national standpoint, and viewing it in the light of its contribution to agricultural production, the success of the Soldier Settlement Board's scheme is of prime importance to Canada. To date, it has resulted in the locating of 20,000 men on the land under the most favorable conditions, both economic and social. These men, in the form of soldier-grant entries, received 2,000,000 acres, and by purchase or through the exercise of their civilian right, secured another 1,100,000 acres of a total of 3,100,000 acres. It is also to be remembered that, so far less than one-half of those who have qualified have been placed. Estimating the yield on this land at 14 bushels per acre, this year's average over the Dominion

ion, these soldier lands are responsible for an additional 45,000,000 bushels on Canada's wheat crop.

Marquis Wheat Leads

Best Wheat Does Not Always Make Highest Quality Bread.

The best looking wheat does not always make the best bread was again demonstrated this year when the returns were received at the University of Saskatchewan, giving the result of the baking and milling tests of the prize winning wheat at the Provincial Seed Fair held at the University in January. W. J. E. Warren, of Belbeck, who was awarded fourth prize for Marquis wheat from prize-winning field entered in Standing Grain competition, won first honors in the milling and baking test with a loaf which was practically perfect, while Kenneth Canfield, of Shetland Brook, who won first honors for Marquis wheat at the Provincial Seed Fair, went down to 21st place in the milling and baking competition.

Marquis wheat again led the field in the baking and milling test, See Wheeler winning second place, R. M. McCurdy, of Asquith, third, and Davis Bros., of Pergie, fourth place, all with Marquis wheat. Geo. S. Canfield, of Wild Rose, who won first honors for Red Fife, at the seed fair, went down to 19th place in the baking and milling test, and the Ruby wheat for which Mr. Canfield won first place for any other variety of spring wheat, was graded 265, or lowest of all in the milling and baking contest.

Many War Books

French War Museum Has More Than 100,000 Books Written About the War.

The output of printed matter relating to the war was, naturally, prodigious, but the actual success staggered an imagination prepared for the worst. The French War Museum in Paris has provided space to accommodate more than 100,000 books written about the war and has devoted two and a half miles of shelves to the preservation of newspapers and periodicals bearing on it.

Can all that has been written about the Trojan War in thirty centuries, or about Napoleonic Wars, begin to match this production of World War literature in six and a half years? And the presses are still working overtime. Surely an intolerable deal of paper and ink to overlay the vital facts which it will be the duty of the historian to disinter and compile for the hasty reading of posterity. Who can envy the task of the conscientious explorer of these dust heaps?

Eighty librarians and translators are even now employed in arranging the volumes. Who but a super-historian can possibly do more than read the titles? Perhaps nature will provide another H. G. Wells for the job, but all ordinary historians will get lost in this wilderness of printed words.—The N.Y. World.

The Panama Route

No Closed Season in Connection With Pacific Navigation.

There are now three railway lines from the prairie provinces through the Rocky Mountains, so that the land transportation facilities should be equal to any probable demand. There is no closed season in connection with Pacific navigation, such as in the case of Atlantic shipments adds so much to the length of land carriage in the winter months. The ocean voyage by the Pacific route is, of course, much longer than by the Atlantic, but ocean transport is cheaper than land and miles do not count for anything.

The possibility of the route having been shown, it is for the British Columbians to do the rest. Routes are small consequence unless there are men to go into the business of using them.—Montreal Gazette.

Honor Sir Arthur Currie.

The new assembly hall under construction at the Royal Military College, Kingston, will be named "Sir Arthur Currie Hall," in honor of the commander of the victorious Canadian corps. The announcement was made by the minister of militia.

The president of the French Republic is provided with an official aeroplane.

Millionaire Was Often Very Short of Cash

Some Sideights on the Generous Character of Cecil Rhodes,

Although his income was a great deal more than one million dollars a year, Cecil Rhodes, the South African mining builder, spent very little on himself, most of his money being privately given with reckless generosity to people who he thought needed it more than he did.

His bank account was overdrawn most of the time, and often it did not have a penny in his pocket, writes John Hays Hammond, who knew him well.

His securities were commonly tucked away in pockets of disused coats or in obscure pigeonholes. When, for his own sake, his secretary hid his checkbook, he issued gift checks on half sheets of note paper, sometimes signing them in pencil.

When he had money he handled it carelessly and irresponsibly, like a child who did not understand the value of it. In London he often applied to his secretary for money to pay cab fares, and when it was given him he would clumsily close his hand on as much gold and silver as it would hold and, without counting it, would drop it into one of his coat pockets.

When he had to pay for his cab he would take a coin out of his pocket and hand it to the cabby without looking at it. If it happened to be a gold piece, the cabby would touch his cap and drive away very pleased.

He paid little attention to dress, and never seemed to know what he was wearing in the way of clothes. Anything that was loose and comfortable was good enough for him. But his love of cleanliness was very remarkable. He would not camp out in the veldt if a jam tin were found in the place selected.

Big Game in Saskatchewan

Hunters Secured 2,170 Animals in Province Last Season.

Practically all of the big game hunters who went up into Northern Saskatchewan last fall in quest of sport have made their returns to the chief game guardian, F. Bradshaw. His report shows that during last season a total of 2,170 big game animals were secured by the 3,000 licensed hunters in the province, including 80 caribou, 870 deer and 1,200 moose.

Mr. Bradshaw has a map showing the number of caribou, deer and moose killed in each township. This shows graphically the range of these animals. North of Prince Albert is the caribou country, and while moose have been secured all across the province from Onion Lake eastwards, they were most plentiful within easy reach of the railway from Crooked River east to the boundary, where as many as 16 have been killed in one town ship.

For Higher Remuneration

Will Increase the Indemnities of B.C. Legislators.

Premier Oliver has introduced in the B.C. House an amendment to the Constitution Act which provides increased indemnities to members of the house, the "salaries" of the private representatives being raised from \$1,600 to \$2,000. The premier himself will get \$9,000 instead of \$7,500, as at present, while the leader of the opposition will be given a little boost from \$1,500 to \$2,000, which along with this indemnity of \$2,000 will give him an annuity of \$4,000. The ministers' remuneration will be increased from \$6,000 to \$7,500.

Shipbuilding in Canada.

Statistics on Canada's ship and boat building industry show the number of plants in operation to be 177, distributed throughout the Dominion, while the amount of capital invested in the shipbuilding industry totals \$7,085,028, and in the boatbuilding plants, \$1,260,263. The number of employees in shipbuilding plants in 1919 was 25,560, and the wages paid \$29,836,848, while the number of vessels launched was 281, with a gross tonnage of 2,604,539.

Horne Appointed British Chancellor.

Sir Robert S. Horne, president of the Board of Trade, has been appointed chancellor of the exchequer in succession to L. Austin Chamberlain. Stanley Baldwin, parliamentary secretary to the treasury will become the new president of the Board of Trade.

H.C.L. In Sydney, Nova Scotia.

The cost of living is higher in Sydney than in any other city in Canada, as the admission made by E. McGe Quirk, special investigator for the Federal Department of Labor, after making a survey of the local social situation for the Dominion authorities.

Soldiers' Re-Establishment

Humu Cronyn (London), who was re-appointed Chairman of the Special Committee on Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment.



Humu Cronyn (London), who was re-appointed Chairman of the Special Committee on Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment.

Those Who Put It Off

Many Men Neglect to Make Their Will Until It Is Too Late.

A man hates to make his will because he does not want to contemplate even the possibility that need could arise for the existence of such a thing.

Yet cases occur every day where the need does arise and there is no such document. Not long ago a prominent lawyer died leaving no will, and many of his clients knew that for years he had insistently urged on everybody whose adviser he was the necessity of having a will in readiness. He made almost a hobby of it, and yet he died intestate himself. He had good advice for all, but did not follow it himself. It is another instance of the truth that we regard all men mortal but ourselves. We have even known editors to write urgently on this subject with their own wills unmade, but this does not apply in the present case.

The man whose business affairs are of large dimensions usually keeps a will in hand, changing it or making a new one as the need arises. He has much business with his lawyer, the existence of a will is a matter of business, and his large and complicated

regulation for the future, and as an assurance of the continuity of his enterprise. But where a man's affairs are more personal he puts off his will-making. It is a thing he can do at any time and so he does not do it at all. Then a fatal illness comes to him, and he must do it—but sometimes opportunity is given him.

A man has a curious notion that if he makes his will it is a sign that he is beginning to quit—it that he has turned down the home-stretch. This is something he does not want to admit. Of course the idea is absurd.

The having of a will in readiness for any eventuality, however remote it may seem, is mere prudence. This everyone will admit, but if a list were published in any city, town, or village of those who at this moment have no will made, it would cause much astonishment.—Toronto Star.

Back to Sparta

Every Boy and Girl in France Required to Take a Course in Physical Training.

The French Chamber of Deputies has decided that every boy and girl in France shall be required to take a course in physical training. Doubtless this is another of the numerous reactions to the lessons taught by the war. Every country which was compelled by the war to mobilize its men discovered that its man-power was painfully less than unanalyzed census figures seemed to indicate because so many men were less than they ought to be physically.

To "come out flatfooted" acquired a new meaning in the United States after the draft boards began to summon the men out for service, and flat feet were only one of the many ailments which unfit what ought to have been good material for soldiers. To meet this trouble no nation has thought of any better plan than that adopted by the Spartans. France is trying to go forward today by going back, something more than 2,000 years, but there will be added to the old plan all that the modern physician knows about health and personal sanitation, and this no doubt is the more important aspect of the modern movement of physical training.—Detroit Free Press.

Colorado Has 36 Counties Each of which is Larger than the State of Rhode Island.

Fifteen thousand priests abide in the holy city of Uga, the capital of Mongolia.

Old Fort Ellis and Sioux Indians

Crossing the Plains to Fort Carlton

Summer 1875.

By O-GE-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyrighted)

(Continued)

at it, and famous workers they were. Every night it was McKay's duty and mine to weigh out to each woman her individual pay in provisions, and there being a number of them this took some time.

Chief Factor McDonald had to leave on a short inspection trip, and before starting left strict orders, with his second in command to be extremely careful in dealing with the Sioux, and this was needed, for we mustered only seven white men and of them there were three hundred, well named by the Kichee-Moko-mons (Indian name for Yankees, meaning Big Knives), the Tigers of the Plains. Fort Ellis was the headquarters of the large Swan River district with many posts, and one evening as the Indian workers had come in for their pay, a clerk rode in from an outpost, unfortunately under the influence of liquor. He had that failing when drink was available, and on this occasion he had met some miners on the trail who were too generous with some alcohol. Most of the Sioux women had been paid off, and one of these (a chief's wife) rather handsome young creature, was standing in the square, no doubt waiting for her friends.

Shortly after my arrival some very unwelcome visitors arrived from across the American boundary in the shape of some three hundred Sioux Indians. They had been fighting with the Yankees as usual and retreated into British territory. Fierce looking chaps, simply clad in a breech-clout and buffalo robe, well armed and numbers of white scalps amongst them. One old devil had seven, several of which, judging by the long hair, had belonged to white women. But what interested one of the young McKay's (my fellow clerk) and myself was the fact of two white girls, both wives of the old interpreter, who were evidently of Scandinavian birth, having fair hair and blue eyes. Poor things, they were Sioux in everything but their birth, and had evidently been stolen as babies, probably in the great Minnesota massacre, where no doubt there parents had been killed. They were certainly under twenty years of age and quite attractive in appearance. Mr. Interpreter, however, kept a very careful eye on them, so we had no opportunity even for a mild flirtation, and then neither of us could speak a word of Sioux.

These Indians demanded provisions from the company, as they were living on dogs and gophers with an occasional pony for a feast. But the chief would not give them, as they had neither furs or robes to trade. Finally he gave them some work in building a long causeway to a hay swamp, for which they were to receive pay daily in flour and pemican. Several of the men bossed the job, but being warriors they considered it inira dig to work, so set the women to work. (To be continued)

Nature Restores

Timber Rapidly

Ontario Farmer Demonstrates What Nature Will Do If Left Alone.

The comparative rapidity with which nature will restore timber growth is shown by the experience of Mr. William Keppel, of Magnetawan, Ont.

"Spruce trees planted on my place 30 years ago have since reached a height of 40 feet and a diameter of a foot to 16 inches. This was the result of artificial planting. It is surprising what nature will do if left alone. However, a portion of our farm, unsuited to agriculture purposes, burned over 28 years ago, is now thickly covered with spruce, balsam and pine, many of the trees 25 feet high."

A Real Aid to Agriculture.

A real aid to agriculture, and one of the most progressive steps taken in the development of the province, is the system of soil surveys and the provision of district agents initiated by the Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Duncan Marshall. The minister has grasped the right view and has put into practice that practical knowledge of agriculture with which he is credited.—Lethbridge Herald.

At some of the London docks when two men make a trade agreement they exchange black beans as tokens of honesty. This is regarded as more binding than a written and signed contract.

Unanimous For Natural Resources.

Unanimous action by the Manitoba Legislature towards urging the Dominion Government to transfer their natural resources to the western provinces, was forecasted when arrangements were made for group leaders to confer on the resolution to be submitted to the house. The suggestion for such a conference was made by J. T. Haig, Conservative leader and was at once accepted by Premier T. G. Norris.

Irma Cash Meat Market

SPECIAL HOME CURED BACON

Made from local Hogs.

45c per lb. by the Piece.

FRESH and CURED MEATS
LARD and SHORTENING
ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED VEAL CALVES.

L. C. HATCH, Prop.

Irma, Alberta.

THE IRMA TIMES

Irma, Alberta.

H. G. Thunell, Publisher.

H. W. Love, Editor.

An independent newspaper published every Friday at Irma, Alberta, Canada, one year \$2.50.

Great Britain and U. S. \$2.50.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are ten cents per line first insertion and 5 cents per line each successive insertion. Legal notices, 10¢ per line first insertion, 10¢ each succeeding insertion. Notices of lectures, fêtes, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 10¢ per line. Birth notices of \$1.00 per line for each insertion. Cards of Thanks, 50¢. Notices of stray or estray animals, three insertions for \$1.50. All changes of advertisements must be in not later than Tuesday to insure change for that week.

QUALITY ALWAYS IN DEMAND.

Produce the class of stock that the market demands and you need not have any forebodings regarding the future of live stock business. Use the best stock in your means to enable you to procure and aim to produce an animal that will command the top price, no matter what class of stock it may belong to.

Preach unto themselves the moving of the gospel of pure live stock—commonly known as an easier way than when it was necessary to talk a Mail Cart belonging to King George again near three dollar wheat, a dollar and a half barley and dollars east. My travels through the country during the past eight months have more than ever convinced me that our great need is a new settlers dwelling and yeat it was funny as one remarked, we have not mentioned the pure-bred side of the stock business. I am in a position to make a modest start in the pure-bred business and will advise them who are still undecided and called among

so; high prices are not likely to be the order of the day, but the trade is in a state of health basic to all and as with the other classes of quality is more than ever going to be the deciding factor as whether or not they are going to be sold at a good profit. When you consider that barely one percent of the farmers of western Canada are breeding pure-breds you can see the possibilities in this direction.—R. D. Sim

live stock editor of the Farmers Advocate in magazine Olds School of Agriculture.

LEGAL STATUS OF WOMEN OF ALBERTA

The second edition of the booklet "Legal Status of Women of Alberta" has just been issued under the authority of the Attorney General.

In addition to bringing "The Legal Status of Women of Alberta" up to date, including amendments to existing statutes and new acts, legislation on a number of other subjects has been included.

Attention is especially called to the recent amendments to the Criminal Code for the better protection of women and children and also to the protection afforded to married women in connection with some of the English law in the province.

The Department of Extension has a large number of these booklets in stock, a small charge of twenty cents (20¢) is made to cover the cost of printing and postage which may be secured by writing to the Department of Extension, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta.

OF INTEREST TO SOLDIER-SETTLERS.

Provision is made in the "Land Regulations" that a soldier who had obtained entry before enlistment and could not secure a soldier grant in the vicinity of his homestead, was permitted to exchange his homestead entry for another that he might select in the vicinity of his soldier grant.

Under circular letter from the Department, dated the 1st of February, 1921, agents of Dominion lands have been advised that this privilege is to be discontinued after the 1st of May, 1921.

Soldier-settlers, therefore, who are anxious of taking advantage of the right to exchange their homesteads, should act as soon as possible before that date.—A. Norquay, Agent Dominion Lands.

PHILLIPS U. F. A.

A local branch of the U. F. A. was organized at Phillips last Thursday afternoon which will be known as the Phillips U. F. A. The officers elected for the ensuing year are: Jas. Brickman, President; Emil Gilbertson, vice president; Jas. Crawford, Secretary-Treasurer; Director, Jas. R. E. Webster, W. J. Brickman, R. E. Draper. The local starts out with a good membership. The next meeting will be held the last Saturday in May.

NOTICE.

All cans now loaned by Creamery Co's or agents must be returned forthwith. The agents of Creamery Co's in Alberta are expressly prohibited under their respective contracts with the Companies from lending cans. The Manufacturers Section of the Alberta Dairymen's Association will pay a reward of five dollars to anyone proving that any Creamery Co. or agent has loaned cans to anyone. It has not recovered before May 1, 1921, from borrowers of the same any can which have heretofore been loaned. (Apr. 29.)

SPORT DOPE.

(By Buck)

And it came to pass on the eve of the six day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty one, that parties known among them as the Notorious Three, met in their quarters a secret conference, and yea it was filled with much mirth and deep thinking. And so it came to pass on the eve of the above mentioned date, that the said Notorious Three, were in the habit of themselves the moving of a so-called Coal Box. The said coal box to be placed at the intersection of Main St. and Second Ave. in the Oil Famed Village of Irma. Yea and even how ever it seemed, it was a glorious enterprise.

Taking unto themselves, each a warmer garment, for lo, the night was cold, the Notorious Three proceeded to the said Coal Box, where when they found a Coal Box like unto a small hut, they all three looked at each other and whistled low. It is big, yet we are strong and even, too, we are not afraid to go to the direst of trials. So long, once made base to move all obstructions in the path, the road might be clear. So doing, a short conference was held behind the fatal coal box. Then amidst much moaning and groaning, the Notorious Three, having started on its journey. After some few moments it was soon moving hard and fast towards its new site. Yea and it came to pass that it did so reach the new site and brought itself stand upright at the before mentioned intersection.

Yea and it was not sufficient to satisfy these Notorious Three, and that of stock it may belong to. Preach unto themselves the moving of the gospel of pure live stock—commonly known as an easier way than when it was necessary to talk a Mail Cart belonging to King George again near three dollar wheat, a dollar and a half barley and dollars east. My travels through the country during the past eight months have more than ever convinced me that our great need is a new settlers dwelling and yeat it was funny as one remarked, we have not mentioned the pure-bred side of the stock business. I am in a position to make a modest start in the pure-bred business and will advise them who are still undecided and called among

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live stock editor of the Farmers Advocate in magazine Olds School of Agriculture.

Yea and then they squelch when I draw blood. And then they squelch when I draw blood. From morn till night they throw the blood.

I come to day the same old game, I keep on shaving just the same.

When evening comes I lock the shop,

And hang my white coat on a prop,

Until its time to hitch the nag.

And then we spin once more,

That's what I've got to do for.

Next day I open up, and then I shave the same old mugs again.

a country that was too dry to grow alfalfa. He kept at it. Finally the flood came and every mother's son went to the hills and dried up. This is the only instance we have known of either in sacred or profane history where the knocker got exactly what was coming to him.

Ex.

BOY'S COMPOSITION ON GIRLS

Girls is the only folks that has their own way every time. Girls is of several thousand kinds and sometimes one girl is more like several thousand others. Girls if she wants to do anything, girls is alike one way, and they are all like cats. If you rub 'em the right way of the hair they'll purr and look sweet, but if you rub 'em the wrong way they'll claw. So long as you let a girl have her own way she's nice and sweet, but just cross her and she'll spit at you and won't eat. Girls is good mousers. If a girl hollers and says she's not good, she's not good. I know about girls, and father says off her. If she knows its so she won't say so. Brother George says he doesn't like big girls, but he does like little ones. Girls who have a kind of common sense, which are few, are the most intelligent.

Yea and it was not sufficient to satisfy these Notorious Three, and that of stock it may belong to. Preach unto themselves the moving of the gospel of pure live stock—commonly known as an easier way than when it was necessary to talk a Mail Cart belonging to King George again near three dollar wheat, a dollar and a half barley and dollars east. My travels through the country during the past eight months have more than ever convinced me that our great need is a new settlers dwelling and yeat it was funny as one remarked, we have not mentioned the pure-bred side of the stock business. I am in a position to make a modest start in the pure-bred business and will advise them who are still undecided and called among

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—Henry Gee.

Business Directory

IRMA L.O.L. No. 2066
Meets on the last Thursday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visitors always welcome.

J. S. Yarr, W. M.
W. Ketchen, R. S.
S. J. Brown, . S.

I. O. O. F. No. 56
Irma Lodge Oddfellows

Meets every Tuesday evening in Co-op Hall. Officers for present term:

Bro. Geo. Sawyer, J. P. G.
Bro. N. H. Kilian, P. G.
Bro. N. M. Mathison, V. G.
Bro. Chas. Wilberham, R. Secy.
Bro. C. G. Hockin, Fin. Secy.
Bro. R. J. Tate, Treas.

Visiting Oddfellows are always welcome.

H. W. LOVE
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
LOANS

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY NO. 1036
Meets on the second Monday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome.

J. W. Graydon, W. P.
Dr. S. R. McGregor, Reg.
J. W. Wyatt, Treas.

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Main St. Irma, Alta.

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER
BARRISTERS - SOLICITORS
NOTARIES
Money to Loan—Fire and Life Insurance Written

Main St. - - - Irma, Alta.

Irma Blacksmith Shop
All Kinds of
Blacksmithing and Repairs

M. K. McLeod
Proprietor

Cream
The Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.

WANT YOUR CREAM.

Our Buyer and Tester at Irma is an old timer in the district and well known to you all. If you wish direct shipment send us your can. We will give you a straight deal and the highest market price either way.

TALK IT OVER WITH WATKINSON.

IRMA HARNESS SHOP
ALL KINDS OF HARNESS REPAIRING

Harness Parts made to order.

Terms Reasonable and Satisfaction Guaranteed

Geo. M. Manners
NEXT TO Edmonds Hotel
IRMA - - - ALTA.

for the Province of Alberta, will be pleased to communicate with any person wishing to buy on a sale. Have 8 years experience. Write or phone at my expense.

ADDRESS PHONE NO. 86

Wainwright - Alberta

Visitors Amazed at Big Flow of Gas at Viking

An Account of the Visit of a Party of Edmonton and Calgary Business Men to the Viking Field Last December.

"Seeing is believing." On Sunday evening of the old maxim was abundantly proved to a little party from Edmonton who were given the opportunity to visit the Viking gas field. "December 5th, and notwithstanding the conviction that it is a reservoir of natural gas, more than sufficient to supply the needs of this city, both at present and for many years to come."

At the invitation of W. H. McLawra, representative of community leagues in the city, the board of trade Rotarians and Kiwanis Club and accompanied by a representative of the oil bulletin made a tour of the field. Practically the whole of the wells were visited, and some of them were "blown" to demonstrate the gas pressure.

Wonderful Resources

At the conclusion of the tour everyone stated that the presence of the gas had been fully proved. When asked their opinions on the matter the delegates stated that Edmonton should have the gas without loss of delay. "Here is a wonderful source of light, energy and heat and Edmonton cannot afford to lose the advantage that its possession will undoubtedly give her," was also the unanimous reply.

It was in the darkness of the early morning when we congregated at the C. N. R. depot for the start to the field happily the hardship caused by the shortening of the rest hours was nothing compared to the temperature. It was a matter of great comment—"December 5th, and weather as balmy as spring."

Further evidence of this was supplied when on the way to the field for close inspection. The field a big galliard dashed across the track and made the eyes of the hunting members of the party glisten as they watched its course. There were many speculations as to where it had come, as the lakes were now frozen over.

Right at the Wells

At Viking several motor cars were in waiting to transport us over the few miles of road between the village and the field. A bad tire that had to be changed in the middle of the movement put our car in the rear and others were out of sight before we made a start.

The first well visited was three and a half miles from Viking and about one mile before we reached the spot the roar of the escaping gas could be heard, for the leading members of our party had reached the first well and it was being tapped for their benefit. The gas was prodigious, and it gave some idea of the tremendous pressure in the pipe.

Any one not very familiar with gas wells and bore holes would be surprised. The district is rolling country, or, to put it another way, is made up of little hills, which are gas traps. The convection constitutes the commercial aspects for gas and oil country. At the side of one of these small hills there will be seen a projecting pipe looking for all the world like an electrical lightning rod. This pipe goes down some twenty or thirty feet below the ground in an open pit with wooden casing. Further down the pipe alone passes into the ground. In this portion of the pipe, two feet wide, ports above the ground there is a valve opened and closed with screw wheels, by which the gas can be allowed to escape. In the majority of the wells it is found, a certain amount of gas is allowed to escape all the time. Standing out, as these pipes do, on the hillside, no one, unless aware of their identity, would take them for gas wells.

Y^e each represents an investment of about \$10,000.

A Mighty Demonstration

Doubling back, we turned north again up another road, and after going about four miles came to a different place to give some estimate of the district. Here the area wherein the wells are situated is about seven by nine miles. In this there are to be found nine completed wells and the tents has now the drilling rig out. This is a direct contradiction to the fact that has been circulated that there is only one well in the area. As a matter of fact the party did not visit the discover well.

Our second well we were right on the spot where the five was situated. There was a great hiss which grew louder, and a column of thin vapor shot upwards to the sky. The racket was fearful. Mr. J. Morrison, manager to the company, a compact fellow in his sixties with hair on the valves, and the rest of us had to cover our ears the best manner we could. We were told that what we could see as coming from the moisture in the well, while the gas itself was invisible. But it was escaping all the time, thousands and thousands of feet.

It is difficult to give any adequate idea of the impression conveyed by the noise of gas and the idea it gave of the immensity of the resources concealed beneath the ground.

If it were possible, a record of it should be taken and "shot" at any gathering where the public wants to know what an open gas well sounds like.

Have Gas or Go

Up to now we had visited the wells No's 2 and 6. From this time onward we travelled miles, visiting wells 9, 7, 4, 5, 3, 8, and 10. Up hill and down dale we went, across frozen lakes where the ice was thin and slippery sloughs, where the sitting was hard and uncomfortable. An ingenious way of negotiating barb wire fences was found when McDermid, full of resource, put his foot on the wire and the cane charmed over one fence.

The reason for all this running around and making short cuts was in the fact that the wells are not yet located on the one site. They are widely distributed, and by this means

whole field was proved. Out of the eight completed wells that were visited, there were two which were burning the gas to flame. The results were naturally the same, demonstrating that there is a tremendous pressure of gas in the field. The wells so it was stated—and the tests gave every reason to believe—will burn for a long time—say—five to ten million cubic feet of gas every 24 hours. This puts the total yield, at the lowest estimate, at 50 million feet, and considering that the pressure of gas is to be computed at something over ten million feet for 24 hours, there is an abundance of gas and to spare.

One may be allowed to enthuse a little over the subject, the field is a wonderful illustration of our local natural resources.

GAS WILL HAVE ADVANTAGES OF INDUSTRY VALUE

Not Only For Heating But For Use In Various Practical Ways

After making a visit to the Viking Gas Field, one may be permitted to enthuse a bit over the prospect of a surplus of gas available above what is estimated to be the amount required for Edmonton for some time to come. "The field is a wonderful illustration of our local natural resources."

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to those who are working.

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ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH OF GAS WELL BURNING AT VIKING.



The Prince of Wales presents Boxing Shield to Jewish Lads' Brigade. Colonel Patterson receiving the medal.



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Structure at Buckingham Palace, London. The King con-

fined the Queen of England on her birthday.

At Buckingham Palace, Sir Harry and Lady Lauder leaving

the palace after the interview.

TELLS HOW CATARRH IS DESTROYED QUICKLY

Catarrh sufferers, meaning those with colds, sore throat, bronchitis, trouble, etc., can all be fixed up right at home by inhaling "Catarrh-ozone," in using Catarrh-ozone you don't take medicine for the stomach—don't just breathe a healing piny vapor direct to the lungs and air passages. The purest balsams and the greatest antiseptics are thus sent to every spot where catarrh exists—no secretions are destroyed, nature is given a chance and the disease ends quickly. Colds and throat troubles can't last if the pure healing vapor of Catarrh-ozone is breathed—sneezing, coughing, sneezing, etc., at once cease irritation is removed. Bronchitis, irritation and weakness in the throat soon disappear. Use Catarrh-ozone, whether young or old. Two months treatment \$1.00, small size 50¢, dealers everywhere or the Catarrh-ozone Co., Montreal.

Love of The Wild

BY ARCHIE P. McKISHNIE
Printed by Special Arrangements with Thos. Allen,
Toronto, Ont.

(Continued)

"It was me fired the schooner," said Amos.

"You?" cried the Colonel.

"He as much as hired me to do it," said Amos. "Soothie did. And he intended as he'd get me for doing it."

"No, you didn't," cried Boy; "Noah is alive and well."

"Then I never got no murder 'gainst me," cried Broadrock, "and they can't have me, kin them?"

Hallibut stood biting his lip, his shaggy brows twitching. At last he raised his eyes slowly to Boy McTavish.

"See here," he said, "I can't just make things out. I guess you're a hunting stickle and I guess you have, too, Boy. I've done you no wrong, neither you nor yours. And I know now that you and yours have done me no wrong. I can never hope to get for that man that gave youself for burning my house and I'm glad I came. I want to shake hands with you, if you'll do it, and thank you for saving my life. "Then I want to go down Bushwhacker's Place, I—I—"

The big man's face was working, and Boy found it difficult to keep his own voice steady as he wrung the Colonel's hand and said:

"We'll let you go, if we had to get acquainted with, Colonel. We're a queer lot in some ways, but I guess we all know real men. You come along with me and I'll show you."

"What are we going to do with this crazy wretch?"

Hallibut pointed down at Broadrock.

Boy did not answer at once. He stood looking at Amos thoughtfully. "What makes you want to kill the Colonel?" he asked sternly.

"Saynies and Watson told me he was goin' set the hounds after me," groaned the man, "an' I thought if I got his horse I would get across the border too quick fer 'em. Oh, I've been in hell, I tell you; set up in the dark for long months. I guess I was crazy."

"Here are Declute and Peeler," cried Boy. "We'll let them bring Amos back with them. You and I'll go on. Colonel Hallibut, I've read you're ready."

The bushwhackers came running up, their faces showing their surprise. In a few words Boy explained everything and leaving the two men to look after the captive, they passed down the trail to the Colored riding and Boy leading the way. As they passed into the open of Totheridge the Colonel pointed to the mill. "That's got to come out over there," he said. "There aren't going to be any more bushwhackers to follow us down this path until you people want them. Then you're going to get what you want."

Boy did not answer. He could not

answer. But there was a crushing, choking joy in his heart. They stabled the horse in widow Ross's barn. The place was strangely silent. The horses were over at Bushwhacker's place.

The ice in the creek was breaking up and running out fast. The creek, fed by the rivulets of the wood, was swollen now so as to make crossing by boat comparatively easy. This accomplish'd, they led Colonel Hallibut up to the house.

"Come in," he invited.

The Colonel stepped inside and bowed low to the body of astonished people who crowded about him. Boy was his hand for silence, then he stated the true facts of the case.

"Now," he cried, "let every man shake hands with Colonel Hallibut. They surged about the big man joyfully, and made an extension of the Colonel with a large made as though to speak, but, instead, he stood gazing across at a tall girl clad in soft deer-skin skirt and jacket. She was gazing back at him from eyes held in a long, long year ago in that playground far away.

"So like!" he whispered. "Same face, same hair, same great, glorious eyes!"

He leaned against the wall, trembling.

"Phoebe," he said at length, and held out his arms.

Gloss leaned toward him.

"That was my mother's name," she said. "Did—did you know my mother?"

"Yes, sir," she said. "See, this is her little locket about my neck."

She ran over to him and he took the locket from her hand and opened it. "It's a different picture," he gazed on the face of the little picture, then raised it to his lips.

"Little girl," he said simply, "I did know your mother; she was my dear sister."

"Then you won't punish him—not anybody, will you?" she pleaded, "not even Ames Broadrock."

"But Broadrock burned my boat," cried Hallibut.

"It's true, it's true," cried Hallibut.

"Strange I didn't see it that way before."

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Big McTavish looked up quickly. "You do?" Then, who is he?"

"Paisley told me to-night that Watson had remedied him of somebody, and only told me of his recovery when Paisley says the Watson's real name is Watts, and Watts has five thousand dollars of my sister's money. He stole it, McTavish; stole it from a dead mother and a helpless baby, I'll tell you the story."

"What are you going to do to him, Colonel?" asked McTavish after Hallibut had told him the Sandwich fisherman.

"I heard you speaking," she said. "I heard what you said about Watson. Under no circumstances will I let him go. Let's just be happy now, all of us."

"But, child—" commenced Col-

"The Colonel drew in his breath quickly. His eyes were on the dark-faced girl who had just entered, like a breath of spring. The look faded from his face and the flashing eyes grew dim as he held out his arms. She came to him and patted his face carelessly.

"I heard you speaking," she said. "I heard what you said about Watson. Under no circumstances will I let him go. Let's just be happy now, all of us."

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Good Living.

Thousands of blind have been trained at St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blinded Soldiers and Sailors, London. Twenty-three thousand men with damaged sight were discharged from the British army at the end of the war. The organization has been working for five years on the problem of rehabilitating these men and many have been returned to productive industry. The men are taught massage, poultry farming, mat making, basket making, boot repairing, joinery and music. Many efficient stenographers, telephone operators, and typists have been trained at St. Dunstan's and are now working at regular employment in London offices. The stenographers have a special machine which records Braille figures on a tape, which the stenographer later reads in transcribing his notes. The organization also extends to the colonies, and St. Dunstan's men are now to be found in every part of the world.

Rheumatism Relieved To 1 to 3 Days.
South American Rheumatic Remedy is a wonderful medicine in the treatment of acute or inflammatory rheumatism, chronic rheumatism, neuralgia, and all ailments due to rheumatism. It often cures in 3 days. At drugstores.

Manna Still Falling

United States Consul Writes From Mesopotamia of Peculiar Dew.

The feeding of the children of Israel upon manna from heaven during their 40 years of wandering in the wilderness en route to the land of Canaan, as related in the Bible, is not mere poetry and does not record a miracle. This is the conviction of Oscar S. Heizer, United States consul at Jerusalem, in an official report. Consul Heizer states that manna is found now in the regions of upper Mesopotamia and Kurdistan and along the Persian frontier. It falls, he says, in the form of dew.

Immediately after falling, the manna hardens and assumes the form of a grain. Early in the morning, before the heat of the day, it is gathered.

A diligent man can always find leisure, a lazy one—never.—Anon.



And His Family Medicines

MOST people first knew Dr. Chase through his Receipt Book. Its reliability and usefulness made him friends everywhere.

When he put his Nerve Food, Kidney-Liver Pills and other medicines on the market they received a hearty welcome, and their exceptional merit has kept them high in the public esteem.

Take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for example. There is no treatment to be compared to them as a means of regulating the liver, kidneys, gall-bladder and relieving constipation, biliousness, kidney disease and indigestion.

One pill a day, 25¢ a box at all dealers, at Macmillan, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Income Tax Figures

Eleven Canadians Paid Income Taxes On Incomes of \$200,000 or Over During Last Fiscal Year.

Eleven individuals paid income taxes on incomes of \$200,000 or over during the last fiscal year, according to the announcements made in the House of Commons. Altogether 122,588 people paid income taxes in 1918. Of this number, 12,274 were farmers. The total number paying income tax during 1917 was \$53,370, including 8,962 farmers. The cost of administering the business profits tax act and the income tax during the fiscal year 1920 was \$1,051,537, as compared with \$495,979 in 1919, and \$108,196 in 1918.

Astbestos Found in Okanagan Valley. A Dominion Government surveyor reports discoveries of asbestos in the Princeton district, and also west of Okanagan Falls in the Okanagan Valley.

Cramps! Cramps! Cramps! How To Stop Them Quick

Copyright, 1921, by Rev. Proctor

McGee.

Your Teeth

By Rev. Proctor McGee, M.D., D.D.S., Editor of Oral Hygiene.

THE TOOTH BRUSH DRILL.

Copyright, 1921, by Rev. Proctor

McGee.

The size of the tooth brush, as well as its shape, is a matter of personal opinion. It would be reasonable to use a large brush for a large mouth, and a small brush for a small mouth. The bristles should be of medium stiffness and good quality. There must, of course, be a dentifrice; this may be any good tooth powder or paste, or merely clean soap. A good powder, however, is preferable to any other dentifrice. One of the main things is to brush the margins of the gums.

Silk floss for cleansing between the teeth is a splendid aid.

During the last eight years of school dental clinics in Cincinnati, the following tooth brush drill has been worked out and is used successfully to teach children how to clean their teeth:

Attention.—Hold brush up in right hand at the height of the shoulder, as far from the child. (This is so as to be able to see that the brush is clean.)

Upper Teeth.—1. Place brush in mouth, upper right, where the gum and teeth join. Turn down towards grinding surface eight times.

2. Brush upper front. Place on gum and turn down eight times.

3. Brush upper left. Place brush on gum, turn down eight times.

4. Brush upper right inside. Place brush on gum and turn down eight times.

5. Brush upper front inside. Place brush vertically, brush down eight times.

6. Brush upper left side. Place brush on gum and turn down eight times.

7. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, upper right, scrub forward and back eight times.

8. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, upper left, scrub forward and back eight times.

Lower Teeth.—9. Place brush in mouth, lower right, where the gum and the teeth join. Turn up towards grinding surface eight times.

10. Brush lower front. Place on gum, turn up eight times.

11. Brush lower left. Place brush on gum, turn up eight times.

12. Brush lower right inside. Place brush on gum, brush up eight times.

13. Brush lower front inside. Place brush vertically, brush up eight times.

14. Brush lower left inside. Place brush on gum, turn up eight times.

15. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, lower right, scrub forward and back eight times.

16. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, lower left, scrub forward and back eight times.

Attention.—Hold brush in right hand. (See how clean the brush is now?)

Last—See that each child's brush is thoroughly rinsed with fresh water and put away in a clean place.

Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment.

A total of 50,521 men were accepted for training by the department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment from inauguration to the end of 1920, according to the annual report. Statistics compiled by the department show that 70 per cent. of the men who have graduated have been able to follow the line of their training. The number of patients treated during the past year was 23,591. In addition to these figures, outside clinics have been operated and 447,142 treatments given. The total expenditure of the department was \$27,671,493.

Ten wards in the city of Glasgow voted to abolish the saloons, the most revolutionary occurrence in Scotland in two centuries.

Recent experiments of injecting appendicitis patients with serum have been so successful that operations with the knife may soon be abolished.

How Zam-Buk Banished MY PILES

"I suffered terribly from piles," writes Mr. George Budd, of Brandon, Manitoba. "The pain at times was unbearable. I had tried one after another of the so-called 'pile-remedies,' but continued every bit as bad as before. I consulted the Zam-Buk treatment. To my joy this herbal healing balm speedily relieved the burning irritation. Perseverance banished the piles completely."

"I sleep comfortably at night and let it act while you sleep." Zam-Buk's refined herbal essences speedily soothe and heal the inflamed tissue, taking away the burning, itching, swelling like nothing else can. Zam-Buk is also the finest possible remedy for eczema, ulcers, ringworm, poison ivy, scabies, scalds, burns, boils, acne and other skin troubles. 10c a box. Box 8 for \$1.25. All dealers or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

The Foulard Dress Is Again in Style



By Marie Belmont.

Sea Otter Returns To Alaskan Waters

Has Been Considered Extinct Along the Coast for Twenty Years.

Mail reports from the Alutian islands state that many sea otter have migrated to the Alaskan coast from Kamchatka and the Kurile Islands of Siberia. For twenty years the sea otter has been considered extinct all along the coast of the territory, and the price for the beautiful coat is king. Just why the otter was found to be so abundant on the islands off the Siberian coast and not in Alaska is a puzzle.

Sentenced To Death. No Appeal Possible.

The death warrant is passed out every time a corn is treated with Putnam's Corn Extract. It means the end of the life of the innocent little corn, root, branch, and nail forever. Refuse any substitute for Putnam's. 25¢ everywhere.

Large Taking of Whitefish Eggs

50,000,000 Whitefish Eggs Have Been Placed in Hatchery at Lake Winnipegosis.

The Dominion Fisheries Branch reports that upwards of 50,000,000 whitefish eggs have been placed in the Smoke Inland hatchery, Lake Winnipegosis. These eggs were collected at the mouth of the Water River, which carries the discharge of Lake Winnipegosis to Waterhen Lake, thence to Lake Manitoba. With Lake Winnipegosis freezing early in November, the greatest difficulty was experienced in securing the eggs, the tug and outfit finding it necessary to winter at the egg-collecting camp. The collection of 1920 is treble the quantity collected the previous year.

States With Indian Names.

Of the forty-eight states in the United States, twenty-five bear names of Indian origin, while twelve are English, six Spanish, three French and two may be said to have U.S. names—Washington and Indiana.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE relieves the system, cleanse the blood and render them strong and healthy. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and applied externally to the mucous surfaces of the system.

All Druggists 75¢. Testimonials free. Order by mail. Call for sample of HALL'S \$10.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Civilized man requires about 25 years to grow up, the savage about 15.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Some seventy periodicals printed in Esperanto, the so-called universal language, are now published.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued.

Whether it is rheumatism, muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the region rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Let the rubbing be brisk and continue until ease is secured. There is more virtue in a bottle of it than can be fully estimated.

Municipal Hospitals in Alberta.

Eight municipal hospitals were in operation in Alberta during the past year, and four new hospital districts established. Schemes ratified by ratepayers up to the end of the year, provide for 1,496 beds, and during the year, 2,439 patients were admitted to those hospitals in operation. The rural tax rate for the support of the hospitals varied from 2½ cents an acre to 4 cents an acre.

W. N. U. 1363

Cause of Early Old Age

The celebrated Dr. Michaelson, an authority on early old age, says that it is "the piles" that generate in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is enabled to work without fatigue, whereas persons bring on early old age and premature death. 15 to 30 drops of "Serge's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound.

Zook's Cotton Root Compound. A safe, reliable regulating medicine for the cure of all forms of strength—No. 1, \$1.00. Send for sample. Paid by all druggists. Send us prepaid on receipt of price. THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Walker.)

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES How to Feed Mail Order

Address to the
H. CLAY GLOVER
CO., INC.
118 West 45th Street,
New York, U.S.A.

MONEY ORDERS

It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

THE D. D. D. D.

REMEDY

PURIFIES THE BLOOD AND
BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM.
Will aid the following constitutional
diseases: Skin Diseases, Indigestion, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Trouble, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Female Weakness. Price \$1.00 at your local Druggist or from
THE D. D. D. D. REMEDY CO.,
Phoenix Block, Winnipeg.

Motors and Good Roads

Good roads mean money in the pocket of every automobile owner. They mean comfort to the body of every automobile rider. Efficiency and economy of operation pay large and certain dividends on every dollar invested in highway improvements. As these improvements are extended even the man who neither drives nor rides on the open highway will take his profit from improved transportation of farm products and more rapid and economical communication in business and industry.—Chicago Tribune.

Minard's Liniment For Burns, Etc.

With the going good, an Eskimo dog will draw an average of 300 pounds weight for thirty-five miles in one day.

GIN PILLS
FOR THE KIDNEYS



"The second blow-out in a week!
Why don't you get good tires?"

DOMINION TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES

DOMINION TIRES are the same quality, no matter what the size. DOMINION "NOBBY TREAD" 30 x 3½ Tires for Ford, Chevrolet, Gray Dart, Overland and other light cars are the same design, same material, same construction as the big "NOBBY TREADS" for Pierce-Arrows and Packards. You get the mileage when you ride on "DOMINION TIRES".

These are Dominion Tires for every car and every purpose—DOMINION INNER TUBES, too—and a complete line of DOMINION TIRE ACCESSORIES.

Sold by the best dealers from coast to coast.

DOMINION RUBBER COMPANY LTD.
**DOMINION
RUBBER**

Trail Ranger Day TO-MORROW SATURDAY, APRIL 23rd.

PROGRAMME:
Afternoon at 2 P. M.

Canadian National Athletic Competition Events:
Standing Broad Jump.
Running High Jump.
One Potato Race.
Three Potato Race.
Floor Push.

EVENING PROGRAMME:
Co-op Hall at 8 P. M.

Wallawaloos by Trail Rangers.

Dialogue etc by Boys of Sunny Brae School.
Stunts etc. by Boys of Strawberry Plains School.
Black Face Sketch by Boys of Ross School.
Dialogue etc by Boys of Alma Mater School.
Minstrel Selection by Boys of Irma School.
Short Address by Earl Pyros on "Boys' Parliament which met in the Legislative Assembly last winter.
Minstrel Duet of Song, Wit and Humor, by Messrs. Geo. R. Cornflakes and Sam S. Grapenuts.

A One-Act Play, entitled "A SCRATCH RACE" by Miss Sadie Linnen, Miss Lila McGuire, Mr. E. H. Brown, Mr. Phil Malhotri, Mr. Ted Brown.

Tickets are being sold by any Trail Ranger and by Miss Lila McGuire and Mr. J. W. Grayden. 50c admits one to either or both the afternoon and evening programme. As most of the tickets are selling rapidly and as the Co-op Hall is limited in capacity we advise that those who have not already bought tickets cannot be assured of getting in. This warning is given to prevent disappointing those coming a long distance who have not already procured tickets.

Bailiff's Sale

Under and by virtue of a Distress Warrant given by Union Bank and others to Sheriff Edmonton Judicial District and to me directed against the goods and chattels of Riley Goodrich named in the said Distress Warrant, I have seized the following goods, namely:

One bay gelding, 1400 lbs, white star in head, Jim; 1 bay gelding, age 2, weight 1400 lbs, Ray; 1 bay mare, 9 years, 1300 lbs, star in head, Cora; 1 Massey-Harris Binder; 1 Massey-Harris Manure Spreader; 1 bay gelding about 4 years old, named Caggie, white face; 1 bay gelding, about 4 years old, named Jim, white face; 1 Adams wagon, complete; 1 Columbia wagon, complete; 26 Head of Cattle; 3 Mules; 1 Mare.

Terms May be Arranged at time of Sale.

Which I shall expose for sale on FRIDAY, the 22nd day of APRIL, at S. 1/2 10-45-9-w4th, at the hour of 2.30 P. M. Dated April 8th, 1921.

John Rae, Acting Sheriff.
W. H. Harper, Bailiff.

LAND LAND LAND

Raw and Improved Farm Land

J. W. WYATT
"THE LAND MAN"
Main St. Irma, Alta.

DELCO-LIGHT BETTER LIVING CONDITIONS.

Delco-Light helps keep children on the farm. It makes the home bright and attractive and offsets city attractions. Delco-Light proves a great benefit in many other ways,--by furnishing bright electric light and dependable electric power.

Irma Motors

LOCAL NEWS

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Latner, April 16th, a son. Both doing golf was held Tuesday evening for the purpose of organizing a golf club. There was a good representation of enthusiasts. A nine hole course was mapped out, and on Wednesday the work of putting it in shape was begun. The course will most likely be ready for play next week. All those intending to play golf this season will give their name to the Secretary-treasurer, Mr. Wm. Mason. The fee is five dollars per season. The following were elected as Managing Committee: Dr. S. R. McGregor, J. B. E. Malhotri, W. Masson.

Mr. W. G. Stott has returned to Irma to spend the summer. Mr. C. Swales made a business trip to Irma Wednesday.

Mr. H. Patterson has been spending a few days in Edmonton.

Mr. W.D. Askew was in Irma Wednesday for the first time since his recent illness.

U. F. A. Moving Pictures this week, a good program is being arranged.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. O'Farrell and family of Bruderheim are visiting Mrs. O'Farrell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Malhotri.

Mr. Jas. McKnight is renewing acquaintances at Irma. Mr. McKnight has been living at Vancouver since he sold his farm near here.

IRMA MOTORS solicit your enquiries for motor and tractor oil in barrel or half barrel lots.

Seeding is well under way. Most of the farmers started sowing wheat the first of the week and some are busy plowing their oat ground.

Mr. H. G. Janionies believes in good stock. Last week he shipped a fine Hereford bull from the Edmonton Stock show and bull sale. Chester Day.

Brea is his name and he captured 3rd 1 P.M., at Ross; 2 at Irma and Alma Mater, and 23rd at Rossberry.

Everybody Welcome

C. G. Hockin, Pastor

Sunday, April 24th.

11 a.m. Preaching at Ross.

3 p.m. Preaching at Alma Mater.

7.30 p.m. Preaching at Irma.

Sunday School Sessions each Sun-

day, 12 a.m. at Ross, 2 p.m. at Irma

Mater, and 2.30 at Rossberry.

Sunday, May 1st.

11 a.m. Preaching at Strawberry Plain

11 p.m. Preaching at Sunny Brae

3.30 p.m. Preaching at Rossberry

7.30 p.m. Preaching at Irma

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